

The Company's Articles of Association regarding the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

Section 4: Shareholders' Meeting

Article 20 The Board of Directors shall call a shareholders meeting which is an annual general meeting of shareholders within four months of the last day of the fiscal year of the Company.

Other meetings of shareholders in addition to the meeting pursuant to paragraph one shall be called extraordinary meeting.

The shareholder's meeting may be conducted through electronic media as provided in the law on electronic meetings.

Article 21 The Board of Directors may summon an Extra-Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders whenever it deems appropriate.

One or more shareholders holding shares amounting to not less than one-tenth of the total number of shares sold may at any time request in writing to the Board of Directors to call an Extraordinary Meeting but they shall also specify reasons for such request in the notice. In such case, the Board of Directors must arrange for a meeting of shareholders within 45 days from the date of the receipt of the notice.

In case that the Board of Directors fails to arrange a meeting of shareholders within the timeframe specified above, shareholders subscribing their name to the request or other shareholders holding shares amounting to the required amount may convene the meeting within 45 days from the previous 45-day due date. In such case, it will be considered as the meeting convened by the Board of Directors and the Company will be responsible for any expenses incurred from the meeting and facilitate the organization of the meeting as appropriate.

In case that the quorum requirement in No. 24 is not met in such meeting, the shareholders who called for the meeting shall pay any expenses incurred to the Company.

Article 22 In calling a general meeting of shareholders, the Board of Directors shall prepare a written notice calling for the meeting that states the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the matters to be proposed to the meeting with reasonable detail by indicating clearly whether it is the matter proposed for information, for approval, or for consideration, as the case may be, including the opinions of the Board of Directors in the said matters, and the said notice shall be delivered to the shareholders and the Registrar for their information at least seven days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice calling for the meeting shall also be published in a newspaper at least three days prior to the date of the meeting.

The delivery of notices or documents and the publication as stated in the foregoing paragraph may be carried out through electronic means or via electronic media in accordance with the criteria set by the Registrar.

Furthermore, the Notice Calling Meeting shall be published in compliance with the provisions set forth in the Public Limited Companies Act and other relevant laws.

Article 23 If any shareholder cannot attend the meeting of shareholders, a shareholder may authorize a person who is sui juris as his proxy to attend the meeting and vote on his behalf.

Article 24 In holding the meeting of shareholders, there must be shareholders and proxies (if any) attending at a meeting of shareholders amounting to not less than twenty-five persons, or not less than one half of the total number of shareholders, and shall hold shares amounting not less than one-third of the total number of sold shares to constitute a quorum.

Article 25 The chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting. If the Chairman of the Board is not present at a meeting, or cannot perform his/her duty, and if there is a Vice-Chairman, the Vice-Chairman present at the meeting shall be the chairman of the meeting. If there is no Vice-Chairman, or if the Vice-Chairman cannot perform his/her duty, the shareholders present at the meeting shall elect one shareholder to be the chairman of the meeting.